

use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(curable **dental** compns. with antimicrobial properties)

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide (Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>), biological studies 7631-86-9, Silica, biological studies 13463-67-7, Titania, biological studies 14808-60-7, Quartz, biological studies

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); POF (Polymer in formulation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(curable **dental** compns. with antimicrobial properties)

IT 65-85-0D, Benzoic acid, esters 80-62-6 87-17-2D, Salicylanilide, halo derivs. 97-63-2, Ethyl methacrylate 97-86-9, Isobutyl methacrylate 97-88-1, Butyl methacrylate 101-84-8D, Diphenyl ether, halo derivs. 102-07-8D, Carbanilide, halo derivs. 108-95-2D, Phenol, derivs. 868-77-9 1565-94-2, Bis-GMA 2210-28-8, Propyl methacrylate 2455-24-5, Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate 4655-34-9, Isopropyl methacrylate 5888-33-5 7534-94-3, Isobornyl methacrylate 9002-84-0 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9003-01-4, Poly(acrylic acid) 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 9003-20-7, Polyvinyl acetate 9003-39-8, Pvp 9003-42-3, Poly(ethyl methacrylate) 9003-63-8, Poly(butyl methacrylate) 9011-14-7, Poly(methyl methacrylate) 9011-16-9, Maleic anhydridemethyl vinyl ether copolymer 20166-49-8 25087-26-7, Poly(methacrylic acid) 25685-29-4, Ethyl methacrylatemethyl methacrylate copolymer 25736-86-1, Polyethylene glycol monomethacrylate 27813-02-1, Hydroxypropyl methacrylate 29721-79-7, Hydroxybutyl methacrylate 41637-38-1, Ethoxylated bisphenol A dimethacrylate 45103-58-0, Methoxyethoxyethyl methacrylate 45127-97-7, 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-(2-ethoxyethoxy)ethyl ester 72869-86-4, Urethane dimethacrylate

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(curable **dental** compns. with antimicrobial properties)

L49 ANSWER 3 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS DUPLICATE 3

AN 1999:528989 HCAPLUS

DN 131:149112

TI Light-activated **tooth** whitening composition and method of using same

IN Montgomery, Robert Eric; **Nathoo, Salim A.**; Cipolla, Anthony John

PA Britesmile, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61C003-00

ICS A61C005-00; A61K007-16; A61K033-40

CC 62-7 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9940870	A1	19990819	WO 1999-US3100	19990212
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 6162055	A	20001219	US 1999-234038	19990119
	AU 9927647	A1	19990830	AU 1999-27647	19990212
	EP 1054642	A1	20001129	EP 1999-908146	19990212
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
	NO 2000004046	A	20000925	NO 2000-4046	20000811
PRAI	US 1998-74708	P	19980213		

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US 1998-75222 P 19980219  
 US 1999-233793 A 19990119  
 US 1999-234038 A 19990119  
 WO 1999-US3100 W 19990212

- AB The present invention provides a **tooth** whitening compn. having a transparent first component that is a carrier compd. and a transparent second component that is an oxidizing compd. which when applied to a stained **tooth** and exposed to actinic light is activated to facilitate **tooth** whitening. The invention also provides a method for light-activated **tooth** whitening which comprises applying a **tooth**-whitening compn. to one or more **teeth** and exposing the compn. to actinic light to activate the oxidizing compd. The present invention further provides a device for **tooth** whitening which has a light source, at least one optical output, a projection means for holding and positioning the optical output outside of a patient's mouth in a manner so as to provide approx. simultaneous and uniform illumination of a patient's front **teeth** by the optical output; and a connection means for connecting the light source to the optical output. The invention also provides methods of using the device. A transparent gel was prep'd. contg. distd. water 49.4, 1-hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid 1, glycerin 5, hydrogen peroxide (35 %) 42.9, Carbopol 974P 1.7%, and ammonium hydroxide (29 %) q.s. to pH 5.5. Stained bovine enamel slabs were coated with a 1-2 mm film of the compn. and exposed to pulsed actinic radiation from an argon plasma arc light source.
- ST light activated **tooth** whitening peroxide carboxypolymethylene
- IT **Dental** materials and appliances  
 (devices equipped with light source and optical output; light-activated **tooth** whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators)
- IT Ketones, biological studies  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (diketones; light-activated **tooth** whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators)
- IT Fiber optics  
 (fiber-optic instruments; light-activated **tooth** whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators)
- IT Optical instruments  
 (fiber-optic; light-activated **tooth** whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators)
- IT Bleaching  
**Dental** materials and appliances  
 Photosensitizers (pharmaceutical)  
**Tooth**  
 (light-activated **tooth** whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators)
- IT Metallophthalocyanines  
 Peroxy acids  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (light-activated **tooth** whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators)
- IT Semiconductor materials  
 (particles; light-activated **tooth** whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators)
- IT Alkali metal oxides  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (peroxides; light-activated **tooth** whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators)
- IT 95-14-7D, 1H-Benzotriazole, derivs. 119-61-9D, Benzophenone, derivs. 124-43-6, Carbamide peroxide 563-69-9D, Percarbonic acid, alkali metal

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salts 2809-21-4, 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid 7722-84-1,  
Hydrogen peroxide, biological studies 12674-33-8D, Perboric acid, alkali  
metal salts 151687-96-6, Carbopol 974p  
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
(Uses)

(light-activated **tooth** whitening compns. contg.  
carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators)

IT 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, biological studies 13463-67-7, Titania,  
biological studies  
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
(Uses)

(particles; light-activated **tooth** whitening compns. contg.  
carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators)

IT 50-78-2, Acetylsalicylic acid 102-76-1, Glycerol triacetate 10543-57-4  
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
(Uses)

(peroxyacid precursor; light-activated **tooth** whitening  
compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and  
photoactivators)

RE.CNT 15

RE

- (1) Ardriot; FR 2645734 A1 1990
- (2) Becker; US 4952143 A 1990
- (3) Benedict; US 4256730 A 1981 HCAPLUS
- (4) Cheslak; US 4790752 A 1988
- (5) Cheslak; US 4790752 A 1988
- (6) Church; US 5279816 A 1994 HCAPLUS
- (7) Friedman; US 4661070 A 1987
- (8) Montgomery; US 5816802 A 1998
- (9) Montgomery; WO 9804235 A1 1998 HCAPLUS
- (10) Pellico; US 5718886 A 1998 HCAPLUS
- (11) Prencipe; US 5256402 A 1993 HCAPLUS
- (12) Rudy; US 4971782 A 1990 HCAPLUS
- (13) Ultradent Products Inc; WO 9114650 A1 1991 HCAPLUS
- (14) Viscio; US 5302375 A 1994 HCAPLUS
- (15) Zaragoza, T; US 4983381 A 1991

L49 ANSWER 4 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS DUPLICATE 4

AN 1999:34366 HCAPLUS

DN 130:100385

TI Effervescent two component bicarbonate and acid containing  
**dentifrice**

IN Masters, James; Cervino, Kim; Viscio, David; Kemp, James; **Nathoo,**  
**Salim**

PA Colgate-Palmolive Company, USA

SO U.S., 7 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-16

ICS A61K007-20; A61K033-10

NCL 424049000

CC 62-7 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5855871	A	19990105	US 1997-909582	19970812
	WO 9907335	A1	19990218	WO 1998-US16380	19980806
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,				
	DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG,				
	KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,				
	NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT,				
	UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

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US 1991-759244 A 19910913

AB The title **dentifrice** comprises Ca pyrophosphate or di-Ca phosphate dihydrate, metal-free peroxide, and a chelating agent. A compn. comprised urea peroxide 10.0, Ca pyrophosphate 27.5, di-Ca phosphate dihydrate 5.0, glycerol 5.045, PEG-600 10.0, Polyox N-10 5.0, Na lauryl sulfate 0.2, di-Na Ca EDTA 1.0, Simethicone 0.005, Na<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> 2.0, Me salicylate 0.75, water 18.4, Pluronic F-127 15.0, and saccharin 0.1%.

ST **dentifrice** tooth whitening aq; calcium phosphate **dentifrice**; pyrophosphate calcium **dentifrice**

IT **Dentifrices**  
(tooth-whitening, aq.)

IT 62-33-9, Disodium calcium EDTA 124-43-6 7664-38-2, Phosphoric acid, miscellaneous 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, miscellaneous 7758-16-9 7789-77-7, Dicalcium phosphate dihydrate 7790-76-3, Calcium pyrophosphate

RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(**dentifrices** contg., tooth-whitening)

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FILE COVERS 1947 - 30 May 2001 VOL 134 ISS 23  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 29 May 2001 (20010529/ED)

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=> D QUE L63

L50 2 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON HYDROGEN PEROXIDE/CN OR CARBAMIDE PEROXIDE/CN

L51 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON GLYCERAL TRIACETATE/CN OR ACETYLSALICYLIC ACID/CN OR TETRAACETYLETHYLDIAMINE/CN

L52 385689 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L50 OR H2O2 OR ?PEROX? OR ?PERCARBONAT? OR ?PERBOR?

L53 20054 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L51 OR GLYCERAL(1W)?ACETATE OR ACETYLSALICYLIC ACID OR ACETYLAT?(3A)AMINO OR TETRAACETYL?

L54 2997 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (L52 OR L53) AND (SEMICOND?(3A)PARTIC? OR ?BENZOPHENON? OR ?BENZOTRIAZOL? OR ?DIKETONE? OR METAL?(1A) LIGAND?(1A)COMPLEX? OR ?PHTHALOCYAN?(2A)COMPLEX?)

L55 10 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L54 AND (PHOTO(W)ACTIV? OR PHOTOACT?)

L56 89 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (CARBOXYPOLY? OR CARBOPOL? OR KATHLEEN FULLER EIC1700 308-4290

CARBOMER? OR CARBOXYVINYL?) AND (SEMICOND?(3A)PARTIC? OR  
 ?BENZOPHENON? OR ?BENZOTRIAZOL? OR ?DIKETONE? OR METAL?(1A)LIGA  
 ND?(1A)COMPLEX? OR ?PHTHALOCYAN?(2A)COMPLEX?)

L57 7 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L56 AND (BLEACH? OR WHIT? OR STAIN?(3A  
 )REMOV?)

L58 131 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L54 AND (BLEACH? OR WHIT? OR STAIN?(3A  
 )REMOV?)

L59 3 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L58 AND (DENT? OR TOOTH? OR TEETH?)

L60 404557 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (L52 OR L53)

L61 1869 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L60 AND (DENT? OR TOOTH? OR TEETH?)

L62 27 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (CARBOXYPOLY? OR CARBOPOL? OR  
 CARBOMER? OR CARBOXYVINYL?) AND L61

L63 44 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L55 OR L57 OR L59 OR L62

=> FILE WPIX

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FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 MAY 2001 <20010528/UP>  
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 DERWENT WEEK FOR POLYMER INDEXING: 200129  
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=> D QUE L64

L50 2 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON HYDROGEN PEROXIDE/CN OR CARBAMIDE  
 PEROXIDE/CN

L51 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON GLYCERAL TRIACETATE/CN OR ACETYLSALIC  
 YLIC ACID/CN OR TETRAACETYLETHYLDIAMINE/CN

L52 385689 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L50 OR H2O2 OR ?PEROX? OR ?PERCARBONAT  
 ? OR ?PERBOR?

L53 20054 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L51 OR GLYCERAL(1W)?ACETATE OR  
 ACETYLSALICYLIC ACID OR ACETYLAT?(3A)AMINO OR TETRAACETYL?

L54 2997 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (L52 OR L53) AND (SEMICOND?(3A)PARTIC?  
 OR ?BENZOPHENON? OR ?BENZOTRIAZOL? OR ?DIKETONE? OR METAL?(1A)  
 LIGAND?(1A)COMPLEX? OR ?PHTHALOCYAN?(2A)COMPLEX?)

L55 10 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L54 AND (PHOTO(W)ACTIV? OR PHOTOACT?)

L56 89 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (CARBOXYPOLY? OR CARBOPOL? OR  
 CARBOMER? OR CARBOXYVINYL?) AND (SEMICOND?(3A)PARTIC? OR  
 ?BENZOPHENON? OR ?BENZOTRIAZOL? OR ?DIKETONE? OR METAL?(1A)LIGA  
 ND?(1A)COMPLEX? OR ?PHTHALOCYAN?(2A)COMPLEX?)

L57 7 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L56 AND (BLEACH? OR WHIT? OR STAIN?(3A  
 )REMOV?)

L58 131 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L54 AND (BLEACH? OR WHIT? OR STAIN?(3A  
 )REMOV?)

L59 3 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L58 AND (DENT? OR TOOTH? OR TEETH?)

L60 404557 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (L52 OR L53)

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L61 1869 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L60 AND (DENT? OR TOOTH? OR TEETH?)  
 L62 27 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (CARBOXYPOLY? OR CARBOPOL? OR  
 CARBOMER? OR CARBOXYVINYL?) AND L61  
 L64 29 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON L55 OR L57 OR L59 OR L62

=> DUP REM L63 L64

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FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 16:24:27 ON 30 MAY 2001  
 COPYRIGHT (C) 2001 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD  
 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L63  
 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L64  
 L65 62 DUP REM L63 L64 (11 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> D L65 ALL 1-62 HITSTR.

L65 ANSWER 1 OF 62 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2001 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD  
 AN 2001-235100 [24] WPIX  
 CR 2000-106076 [07]; 2000-256633 [20]; 2000-292529 [20]; 2001-006813 [01];  
 2001-015654 [02]; 2001-235101 [20]; 2001-244399 [25]; 2001-273335 [28]  
 DNC C2001-070463  
 TI **Bleaching** system for **bleaching** fabrics, comprises  
 atmospheric oxygen and a ligand which forms a complex with transition  
 metal, in an aqueous medium.  
 DC D25 E11 E12  
 IN CARINA, R F; FOX, S P; KALMEIJER, R E; KARLIN, K D; THIJSSSEN, R; TWISKER,  
 R S  
 PA (HIND-N) HINDUSTAN LEVER LTD; (UNIL) UNILEVER NV; (UNIL) UNILEVER PLC  
 CYC 93  
 PI WO 2001016261 A2 20010308 (200124)\* EN 48p C11D000-00  
 RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ  
 NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW  
 W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM  
 DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC  
 LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE  
 SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW  
 ADT WO 2001016261 A2 WO 2000-EP8078 20000816  
 PRAI GB 2000-6961 20000322; WO 1999-GB2876 19990901; WO 1999-GB2878  
 19990901  
 IC ICM C11D000-00  
 AB WO 200116261 A UPAB: 20010522  
 NOVELTY - Providing a **bleaching** system based on atmospheric  
 oxygen or air that does not rely primarily on hydrogen **peroxide**  
 or a **hydroperoxyl** generating system, and that does not require  
 the presence of organic components such as aldehydes that are consumed in  
 the process.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A **bleaching** composition comprises in  
 an aqueous medium, atmospheric oxygen and a ligand of formula (MaLkXn)Ym  
 (AI) which forms a complex with a transition metal, the metal catalyzing  
**bleaching** of a substrate by the atmospheric oxygen, the aqueous  
 medium is substantially devoid of **peroxygen bleach** or  
 a **peroxy**-based or -generating **bleach** system.

M = metal selected from Mn(II) - (III) - (IV) - (V), Cu(I) - (II) -  
 (III), Fe(II) - (III) - (VI) - (V), Co(I) - (II) - (III), Ti(II) - (III) -  
 (III) - (IV), V(II) - (III) - (IV) - (V), Mo(II) - (III) - (IV) - (V) -  
 (VI) and W (IV) - (V) - (VI);

X = coordinating species selected from mono-, bi- or tri- charged  
 anions and any neutral molecules able to coordinate the metal in a mono-,

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RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); MOA (Modifier or additive use);  
 BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (compn. for bleaching **teeth**)

IT 14915-07-2, **Peroxide**

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); MOA (Modifier or additive use);  
 BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (derivs.; compn. for bleaching **teeth**)

L65 ANSWER 13 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS DUPLICATE 2  
 AN 1999:528989 HCAPLUS  
 DN 131:149112  
 TI Light-activated **tooth whitening** composition and method  
 of using same  
 IN Montgomery, Robert Eric; Nathoo, Salim A.; Cipolla, Anthony John  
 PA Britesmile, Inc., USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 IC ICM A61C003-00  
 ICS A61C005-00; A61K007-16; A61K033-40  
 CC 62-7 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9940870	A1	19990819	WO 1999-US3100	19990212
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 6162055	A	20001219	US 1999-234038	19990119
	AU 9927647	A1	19990830	AU 1999-27647	19990212
	EP 1054642	A1	20001129	EP 1999-908146	19990212
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
	NO 200004046	A	20000925	NO 2000-4046	20000811
PRAI	US 1998-74708	P	19980213		
	US 1998-75222	P	19980219		
	US 1999-233793	A	19990119		
	US 1999-234038	A	19990119		
	WO 1999-US3100	W	19990212		

AB The present invention provides a **tooth whitening** compn. having a transparent first component that is a carrier compd. and a transparent second component that is an oxidizing compd. which when applied to a stained **tooth** and exposed to actinic light is activated to facilitate **tooth whitening**. The invention also provides a method for light-activated **tooth whitening** which comprises applying a **tooth-whitening** compn. to one or more **teeth** and exposing the compn. to actinic light to activate the oxidizing compd. The present invention further provides a device for **tooth whitening** which has a light source, at least one optical output, a projection means for holding and positioning the optical output outside of a patient's mouth in a manner so as to provide approx. simultaneous and uniform illumination of a patient's front **teeth** by the optical output; and a connection means for connecting the light source to the optical output. The invention also provides methods of using the device. A transparent gel was prepd. contg. distd. water 49.4, 1-hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid 1, glycerin 5, hydrogen **peroxide** (35 %)

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC1700 308-4290

42.9, **Carbopol 974P 1.7%**, and ammonium hydroxide (29 %) q.s. to pH 5.5. Stained bovine enamel slabs were coated with a 1-2 mm film of the compn. and exposed to pulsed actinic radiation from an argon plasma arc light source.

- ST light activated **tooth whitening peroxide carboxypolymethylene**
- IT Dental materials and appliances  
(devices equipped with light source and optical output; light-activated **tooth whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators**)
- IT Ketones, biological studies  
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(diketones; light-activated **tooth whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators**)
- IT Fiber optics  
(fiber-optic instruments; light-activated **tooth whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators**)
- IT Optical instruments  
(fiber-optic; light-activated **tooth whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators**)
- IT Bleaching  
Dental materials and appliances  
Photosensitizers (pharmaceutical)  
**Tooth**  
(light-activated **tooth whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators**)
- IT Metallophthalocyanines  
**Peroxy acids**  
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(light-activated **tooth whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators**)
- IT Semiconductor materials  
(particles; light-activated **tooth whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators**)
- IT Alkali metal oxides  
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(peroxides; light-activated **tooth whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators**)
- IT 95-14-7D, 1H-Benzotriazole, derivs. 119-61-9D, Benzophenone, derivs. 124-43-6, Carbamide peroxide 563-69-9D, Percarbonic acid, alkali metal salts 2809-21-4, 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, biological studies 12674-33-8D, Perboric acid, alkali metal salts 151687-96-6, **Carbopol 974p**  
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(light-activated **tooth whitening compns. contg. carboxypolymethylene gel and oxidants and photoactivators**)
- IT 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, biological studies 13463-67-7, Titania, biological studies  
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES



(Uses)

(particles; light-activated **tooth whitening** compns.  
contg. **carboxypolymethylene** gel and oxidants and  
**photoactivators**)

IT 50-78-2, **Acetylsalicylic acid** 102-76-1,

Glycerol triacetate 10543-57-4

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
(Uses)

(**peroxyacid** precursor; light-activated **tooth  
whitening** compns. contg. **carboxypolymethylene** gel and  
oxidants and **photoactivators**)

RE.CNT 15

RE

(1) Ardior; FR 2645734 A1 1990

(2) Becker; US 4952143 A 1990

(3) Benedict; US 4256730 A 1981 HCAPLUS

(4) Cheslak; US 4790752 A 1988

(5) Cheslak; US 4790752 A 1988

(6) Church; US 5279816 A 1994 HCAPLUS

(7) Friedman; US 4661070 A 1987

(8) Montgomery; US 5816802 A 1998

(9) Montgomery; WO 9804235 A1 1998 HCAPLUS

(10) Pellico; US 5718886 A 1998 HCAPLUS

(11) Prencipe; US 5256402 A 1993 HCAPLUS

(12) Rudy; US 4971782 A 1990 HCAPLUS

(13) Ultradent Products Inc; WO 9114650 A1 1991 HCAPLUS

(14) Viscio; US 5302375 A 1994 HCAPLUS

(15) Zaragoza, T; US 4983381 A 1991

IT 124-43-6, **Carbamide peroxide** 7722-84-1,

Hydrogen **peroxide**, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
(Uses)

(light-activated **tooth whitening** compns. contg.  
**carboxypolymethylene** gel and oxidants and  
**photoactivators**)

RN 124-43-6 HCAPLUS

CN Urea, compd. with hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 7722-84-1

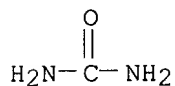
CMF H2 O2

HO-OH

CM 2

CRN 57-13-6

CMF C H4 N2 O

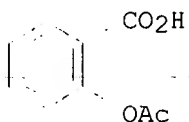


RN 7722-84-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO-OH

IT 50-78-2, **Acetylsalicylic acid**  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
 (Uses)  
 (peroxyacid precursor; light-activated **tooth**  
**whitening** compns. contg. **carboxypolymethylene** gel and  
 oxidants and **photoactivators**)  
 RN 50-78-2 HCAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-(acetyloxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L65 ANSWER 14 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS DUPLICATE 3  
 AN 1999:732952 HCAPLUS  
 DN 131:342068  
 TI Sticky **dental** compositions for adhering a passive-type  
**dental** tray over a person's **teeth**  
 IN Fischer, Dan E.  
 PA Ultradent Products, Inc., USA  
 SO U.S., 17 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,851,512.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 IC ICM A61K007-16  
 ICS A61C005-00  
 NCL 424049000  
 CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)  
 FAN.CNT 5

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5985249	A	19991116	US 1997-949892	19971014
	US 5770182	A	19980623	US 1995-378315	19950125
	US 5759037	A	19980602	US 1996-721008	19960926
	US 5759038	A	19980602	US 1996-721048	19960926
	US 5725843	A	19980310	US 1996-722549	19960927
	US 5770105	A	19980623	US 1996-722397	19960930
	JP 09224962	A2	19970902	JP 1997-39346	19970224
	JP 2909040	B2	19990623		
	JP 09224963	A2	19970902	JP 1997-39364	19970224
	JP 2909041	B2	19990623		
	US 5851512	A	19981222	US 1997-865910	19970530
PRAI	US 1990-497934	B3	19900322		
	US 1991-718210	B1	19910620		
	US 1992-985700	B1	19921202		
	US 1993-99247	B1	19930728		
	US 1995-378315	A1	19950125		
	US 1996-722549	A2	19960927		
	US 1997-865910	A2	19970530		
	US 1990-553168	A	19900713		
	JP 1991-508298	A3	19910318		

AB The present invention relates to sticky **dental** compns. which  
 include a sticky, glue-like matrix material for treating a variety of  
**tooth** or gum ailments, and methods for treating **teeth**  
 using such compns. For max. comfort, an improved **dental** tray  
 that is thin-walled, flexible and light wt. is used to hold the sticky

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copolymer 204196-72-5P 204196-73-6P, Acrylic acid-docosyl  
acrylate-Desmophen 1150-Isonate 143L copolymer 204196-74-7P  
204196-75-8P, Acrylic acid-docosanyl acrylate-Desmophen 800-Desmodur N100  
copolymer 204196-76-9P, Aropol 2036-acrylic acid-docosyl acrylate  
copolymer 204196-77-0P, Acrylic acid-docosyl acrylate-bisphenol  
A-epichlorohydrin copolymer 204395-50-6P  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP  
(Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP  
(Preparation); USES (Uses)

(polymer compns. contg. a modifying agent and manuf. thereof)

- IT 108-31-6DP, 2,5-Furandione, reaction products with docosanyl acrylate-Me  
methacrylate copolymer 141-43-5DP, reaction products with maleic  
anhydride-ethylene copolymer 76584-99-1P, Acrylic acid-methyl  
methacrylate-octadecyl acrylate copolymer 182688-76-2P, Docosyl  
acrylate-2-(dimethylamino)ethyl acrylate copolymer 182688-83-1P, Acrylic  
acid-docosyl acrylate copolymer 204196-78-1P, 2-Hydroxyethyl  
acrylate-methyl methacrylate-octadecyl acrylate copolymer 204196-79-2DP,  
Docosyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer, maleated 204196-81-6P,  
Docosyl acrylate-1-vinylimidazole copolymer 204196-82-7P,  
3,4-Epoxy cyclohexylmethyl 3,4-epoxycyclohexanecarboxylate-docosyl  
acrylate-1-vinylimidazole copolymer 204336-87-8DP, Petrolite 8040,  
reaction products with ethanolamine  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation)  
(polymer compns. contg. a modifying agent and manuf. thereof)
- IT 25154-52-3, Nonylphenol 26590-20-5, Methyltetrahydrophthalic anhydride  
27176-87-0, Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid 51000-79-4, Pentadecylphenol  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
(polymer compns. contg. a modifying agent and manuf. thereof)

L65 ANSWER 24 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1998:388401 HCAPLUS

DN 129:69149

TI Storage-stable machine dishwashing gel

IN Nicholson, John Richard; Piatek, Bozena Marianna

PA Unilever N.V., Neth.; Unilever Plc

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C11D017-00

ICS C11D003-39; C11D003-28; C11D003-12

CC 46-6 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 846757	A2	19980610	EP 1997-203470	19971111
	EP 846757	A3	19991124		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
	CA 2221955	AA	19980605	CA 1997-2221955	19971124
PRAI	US 1996-760850		19961205		
AB	A detergent gel compn. which delivers high performance cleaning and does not discolor in storage contains 0.001-5% of an inorg. compd., e.g., <u>TiO<sub>2</sub></u> , 1-75% of a builder material, an effective amt. of an O <b>bleaching</b> agent, e.g., a peroxy acid, and 0.01-2.0% of an azole compd., specifically <b>benzotriazole</b> as antitarnish agent.				
ST	dishwashing gel storage stability titanium dioxide; peroxy acid dishwashing gel storage stability; <b>benzotriazole</b> antitarnish dishwashing gel storage stability				
IT	Dishwashing detergents (gels; storage-stable machine dishwashing gel contg. oxygen <b>bleach</b> , surfactant, titanium dioxide and azole compds. as antitarnish agent)				
IT	Carboxylic acids, uses				

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC1700 308-4290

- RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
(peroxy, **bleaching** agents; storage-stable machine dishwashing gel contg. oxygen **bleach**, surfactant, titanium dioxide and azole compds. as antitarnish agent)
- IT **Bleaching agents**  
(peroxy; storage-stable machine dishwashing gel contg. oxygen **bleach**, surfactant, titanium dioxide and azole compds. as antitarnish agent)
- IT **Tarnishing**  
(prevention, agents; storage-stable machine dishwashing gel contg. oxygen **bleach**, surfactant, titanium dioxide and azole compds. as antitarnish agent)
- IT **Nonionic surfactants**  
(storage-stable machine dishwashing gel contg. oxygen **bleach**, surfactant, titanium dioxide and azole compds. as antitarnish agent)
- IT **Stabilizing agents**  
(titanium dioxide; storage-stable machine dishwashing gel contg. oxygen **bleach**, surfactant, titanium dioxide and azole compds. as antitarnish agent)
- IT 128275-31-0, Phthalimidoperhexanoic acid  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(**bleach**, wax-encapsulated; storage-stable machine dishwashing gel contg. oxygen **bleach**, surfactant, titanium dioxide and azole compds. as antitarnish agent)
- IT 133725-71-0  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
(**bleach**; storage-stable machine dishwashing gel contg. oxygen **bleach**, surfactant, titanium dioxide and azole compds. as antitarnish agent)
- IT 994-36-5, Sodium citrate 1330-43-4, Sodium tetraborate 60472-42-6, Sokalan CP7  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
(builder; storage-stable machine dishwashing gel contg. oxygen **bleach**, surfactant, titanium dioxide and azole compds. as antitarnish agent)
- IT 13463-67-7, Titanium dioxide, uses  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
(stabilizer; storage-stable machine dishwashing gel contg. oxygen **bleach**, surfactant, titanium dioxide and azole compds. as antitarnish agent)
- IT 95-14-7, 1H-Benzotriazole 135976-51-1, Carbopol 627  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
(storage-stable machine dishwashing gel contg. oxygen **bleach**, surfactant, titanium dioxide and azole compds. as antitarnish agent)
- IT 131594-92-8, Plurafac LF 403  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(surfactant; storage-stable machine dishwashing gel contg. oxygen **bleach**, surfactant, titanium dioxide and azole compds. as antitarnish agent)

L65 ANSWER 25 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 2000:371829 HCAPLUS

DN 132:339091

TI Household **tooth** whitening gel

IN Guan, Zemin; Zhao, Chengyan; Geng, Jianhua; Liu, Xinjian

PA Peop. Rep. China

SO Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 5 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DT Patent

LA Chinese

IC ICM A61K007-20

CC 62-7 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO. DATE

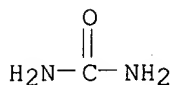
KATHLEEN FULLER EIC1700 308-4290

CRN 7722-84-1  
CMF H2 O2

HO-OH

CM 2

CRN 57-13-6  
CMF C H4 N2 O



L65 ANSWER 29 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS  
AN 1998:31385 HCAPLUS  
DN 128:76852  
TI Metal complex catalysts for oxidative **bleaching** in laundry  
IN Hermant, Roelant Mathijs; Jong, Bas A. M. J.  
PA Unilever N.V., Neth.; Unilever PLC  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
IC ICM C11D003-39  
ICS B01J031-18; C07F015-02; C07F013-00  
CC 46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)  
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9748787	A1	19971224	WO 1997-EP2322	19970429
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2257891	AA	19971224	CA 1997-2257891	19970429
AU 9728928	A1	19980107	AU 1997-28928	19970429
EP 906402	A1	19990407	EP 1997-922991	19970429
R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT				
BR 9709798	A	19990810	BR 1997-9798	19970429
ZA 9705068	A	19981209	ZA 1997-5068	19970609
US 6022490	A	20000208	US 1997-878742	19970619
PRAI EP 1996-201702		19960619		
WO 1997-EP2322		19970429		

AB A **bleach** and oxidn. catalyst is provided comprising a catalytically active metal complex having a poly-**dentate** ligand contg. at least 6 hetero atoms. Such metal complexes can activate hydrogen **peroxide**, **peroxy** acids or mol. oxygen and were found to have both favorable **stain removal** and remarkable dye transfer inhibition properties. A typical complex was manufd. by reaction of 2-picolyl chloride with ethylenediamine, and complexation of the ligand with Fe(ClO4)2.6H2O.

ST laundry **bleach** oxidative catalyst metal complex; iron chloropicoline ethylenediamine complex **bleach** catalyst

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IT **Bleaching**  
Oxidation catalysts  
(metal complex catalysts for oxidative **bleaching** in laundry)

IT **Peroxy acids**  
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)  
(metal complex catalysts for oxidative **bleaching** in laundry)

IT 107-15-3, 1,2-Ethanediamine, reactions 4377-33-7, 2-Picolyl chloride  
4741-99-5, N,N'-Bis(2-aminoethyl)-1,3-propanediamine  
RL: RCT (Reactant)  
(**ligand precursor; metal complex**  
catalysts for oxidative **bleaching** in laundry)

IT 16858-02-9P 200719-69-3P, 1,1,4,8,11,11-Hexakis(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-  
1,4,8,11-tetraazaundecane  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation)  
(**ligand; metal complex** catalysts for  
oxidative **bleaching** in laundry)

IT 61920-87-4P 200720-72-5P  
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation);  
USES (Uses)  
(metal complex catalysts for oxidative **bleaching** in laundry)

IT **7722-84-1**, Hydrogen **peroxide** (H2O2), processes  
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)  
(metal complex catalysts for oxidative **bleaching** in laundry)

IT **7722-84-1**, Hydrogen **peroxide** (H2O2), processes  
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)  
(metal complex catalysts for oxidative **bleaching** in laundry)

RN 7722-84-1 HCAPLUS  
CN Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO-OH

L65 ANSWER 30 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:640705 HCAPLUS

DN 127:278601

TI **Photoactivatable** chain transfer reagents, manufacture of  
semitelechelic polymers having at least one terminal  
**photoactivatable** groups using these reagents, and use of these  
polymers to modified surfaces of plastics

IN Swanson, Melvin J.; Amos, Richard A.; Swan, Dale G.; Opperman, Gary W.

PA BSI Corp., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C08F002-50

ICS C08F004-00; C08J003-28

CC 35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 74

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9734935	A1	19970925	WO 1997-US5344	19970320
	W: AU, CA, JP, MX				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	US 5942555	A	19990824	US 1996-619303	19960321
	CA 2249287	AA	19970925	CA 1997-2249287	19970320
	AU 9724310	A1	19971010	AU 1997-24310	19970320
	EP 888389	A1	19990107	EP 1997-920012	19970320
	R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT				
	JP 2000508003	T2	20000627	JP 1997-533803	19970320
PRAI	US 1996-619303	A	19960321		

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RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)  
 (plates; **photoactivatable** chain transfer reagents for manuf.  
 of semitelechelic polymers for modification of surfaces of plastics)

IT 26628-22-8, Sodium azide  
 RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (polymer derivatization agent precursor; **photoactivatable**  
 chain transfer reagents for manuf. of semitelechelic polymers for  
 modification of surfaces of plastics)

IT 196492-12-3P  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation)  
 (polymer derivatization agent; **photoactivatable** chain  
 transfer reagents for manuf. of semitelechelic polymers for  
 modification of surfaces of plastics)

L65 ANSWER 31 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS  
 AN 1997:594802 HCAPLUS  
 DN 127:249741  
 TI Machine dishwashing gel compositions with good viscosity and thixotropic  
 profiles and detergency  
 IN Secemski, Isaac Israel; Nicholson, John Richard; Piatek, Bozena Marianna;  
 Tomlinson, Alan Digby  
 PA Unilever N.V., Neth.; Unilever PLC  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 IC ICM C11D003-28  
 ICS C11D003-37; C11D003-39  
 CC 46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 9731996	A1	19970904	WO 1997-EP687	19970213
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2242324	AA	19970904	CA 1997-2242324	19970213
AU 9718732	A1	19970916	AU 1997-18732	19970213
EP 883670	A1	19981216	EP 1997-905022	19970213
R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT				
BR 9707729	A	19990727	BR 1997-7729	19970213
ZA 9701530	A	19980921	ZA 1997-1530	19970221
PRAI US 1996-608833		19960229		
WO 1997-EP687		19970213		
AB	The compn. having good storage stability contains 10-50% a builder material, an effective amt. of an oxygen <b>bleaching</b> agent, 0.2-2.0% a dual component structuring system consisting of a crosslinked polyacrylate structurant and an azole co-structurant provided that the total amt. of the builder and the structurant does not exceed 60 as calcd. by the formula: wt.% of builder x wt.% of the structurant .ltoreq. 60. Thus, a such compn. was prepd. from a mixt. of Na citrate and Sokalan CP7, <b>Carbopol</b> 627 (a high-mol. wt. crosslinked polyacrylate), glycerol/borax stabilizer, enzymes, Plurafac LF 403 (surfactant), O <b>bleach</b> encapsulates, <b>benzotriazole</b> and water.			
ST	dishwasher detergent gel <b>storage</b> stability; oxygen <b>bleach</b> dishwashing detergent gel; structurant polyacrylate dishwashing detergent gel; azole structurant polyacrylate dishwashing detergent; <b>benzotriazole</b> structurant dishwashing detergent gel			
IT	Polyphosphoric acids			

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC1700 308-4290

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(alkali metal salts, builder; machine dishwashing gel compns. with good viscosity and thixotropic profiles and detergency)

IT **Bleaching agents**  
Detergent builders  
Dishwashing detergents  
(machine dishwashing gel compns. with good viscosity and thixotropic profiles and detergency)

IT Carboxylic acids, uses  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(peroxy, **bleach**; machine dishwashing gel compns. with good viscosity and thixotropic profiles and detergency)

IT Thickening agents  
(structurant; machine dishwashing gel compns. with good viscosity and thixotropic profiles and detergency)

IT 133725-71-0  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(**bleach**; in machine dishwashing gel compns. with good viscosity and thixotropic profiles and detergency)

IT 93-59-4, Peroxybenzoic acid 104788-63-8 111875-82-2 128275-31-0,  
.epsilon.-Phthalimidoperoxyhexanoic acid 162461-43-0  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(**bleach**; machine dishwashing gel compns. with good viscosity and thixotropic profiles and detergency)

IT 13845-36-8, Potassium tripolyphosphate  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(builder; in machine dishwashing gel compns. with good viscosity and thixotropic profiles and detergency)

IT 68-04-2, Sodium citrate 7758-29-4, Sodium tripolyphosphate 60472-42-6,  
Sokalan CP7  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(builder; machine dishwashing gel compns. with good viscosity and thixotropic profiles and detergency)

IT 95-14-7, 1H-**Benzotriazole**  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(co-structurant; in machine dishwashing gel compns. with good viscosity and thixotropic profiles and detergency)

IT 135976-51-1, **Carbopol** 627  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(structurant; machine dishwashing gel compns. with good viscosity and thixotropic profiles and detergency)

IT 131594-92-8, Plurafac LF403  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(surfactant; machine dishwashing gel compns. with good viscosity and thixotropic profiles and detergency)

L65 ANSWER 32 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS  
AN 1997:332433 HCAPLUS  
DN 126:308649  
TI **Tooth bleaching compositions containing hydrogen peroxide**  
IN Montgomery, Robert Eric  
PA Montgomery, Robert Eric, USA  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 21 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
IC ICM A61K007-20  
ICS A61K007-00



CC 62-7 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9711676	A1	19970403	WO 1996-US15366	19960925
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA				
	CA 2238764	AA	19970403	CA 1996-2238764	19960925
	AU 9672455	A1	19970417	AU 1996-72455	19960925
	EP 862408	A1	19980909	EP 1996-933896	19960925
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
	US 5922307	A	19990713	US 1996-719569	19960925
PRAI	US 1995-4258		19950925		
	WO 1996-US15366		19960925		
AB	Hydrogen <b>peroxide</b> -contg. compns. that are maintained at a substantially const. pH range of 6.0-10.0 during the <b>tooth</b> -bleaching procedure in the presence of a calcium chelating agent are claimed. A stable <b>tooth</b> -bleaching formulation contained water 86.41, 1-hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid 0.02, sodium stannate trihydrate 0.02, 35% hydrogen <b>peroxide</b> 10.30, <b>Carbopol</b> 974P 2.5%, and sodium hydroxide q.s. pH = 7.0.				
ST	<b>tooth</b> bleaching compn hydrogen <b>peroxide</b>				
IT	Diphosphates Polyphosphates RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (alkali metal salts; <b>tooth</b> bleaching compns. contg. hydrogen <b>peroxide</b> )				
IT	Chelating agents <b>Dentifrices</b> Stabilizing agents Thickening agents ( <b>tooth</b> bleaching compns. contg. hydrogen <b>peroxide</b> )				
IT	563-69-9, <b>Carbonoperoxoic</b> acid RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (salts; <b>tooth</b> bleaching compns. contg. hydrogen <b>peroxide</b> )				
IT	60-00-4, Edta, biological studies 62-33-9, Calcium disodium edta 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies 77-92-9D, Citric acid, salts 124-43-6, Carbamide <b>peroxide</b> 526-95-4, Gluconic acid 526-95-4D, Gluconic acid, salts 2809-21-4, 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid 4452-58-8, Sodium <b>percarbonate</b> 7722-84-1, Hydrogen <b>peroxide</b> , biological studies 7758-16-9 36411-33-3 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) ( <b>tooth</b> bleaching compns. contg. hydrogen <b>peroxide</b> )				
IT	124-43-6, Carbamide <b>peroxide</b> 7722-84-1, Hydrogen <b>peroxide</b> , biological studies RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) ( <b>tooth</b> bleaching compns. contg. hydrogen <b>peroxide</b> )				
RN	124-43-6 HCAPLUS				
CN	Urea, compd. with hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

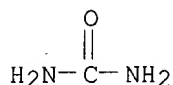
CM 1

CRN 7722-84-1  
CMF H2 O2

HO-OH

CM 2

CRN 57-13-6  
CMF C H4 N2 O



RN 7722-84-1 HCAPLUS  
CN Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO-OH

L65 ANSWER 33 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:257483 HCAPLUS

DN 126:242633

TI Peroxidase-activating oral care compositions

IN Montgomery, Robert Eric

PA Montgomery, Robert Eric, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-20

CC 62-7 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9707777	A1	19970306	WO 1996-US13240	19960815
	W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA			
	AU 9667254	A1	19970319	AU 1996-67254	19960815
	US 5908614	A	19990601	US 1996-698474	19960815
PRAI	US 1995-2361		19950815		
	US 1996-12537		19960229		
	WO 1996-US13240		19960815		

AB An oral care compn. includes a nonenzymic water-sol. H2O2 precursor (e.g. an alkali metal percarbonate) which releases H2O2 upon contact with water to activate the peroxidase system in the oral cavity. The compn. further contains a pH-adjusting agent to produce a selected pH that facilitates the rapid release of H2O2 from the precursor. Thus, an oral gel contained glycerin 93.45, Carbopol 980 2.00, carbamide peroxide 0.05, distd. water 3.00, and Tris buffer 1.50 g.

ST peroxide precursor dentifrice; peroxidase

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC1700 308-4290

activation mouth **dentifrice**  
 IT Alkali metal hydroxides  
 Amines, biological studies  
 Organic acids  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
 (Uses)  
 (buffers; **peroxidase**-activating oral care compns.)  
 IT **Dentifrices**  
 (dental floss; **peroxidase**-activating oral care  
 compns.)  
 IT **Dentifrices**  
 (gels; **peroxidase**-activating oral care compns.)  
 IT Drug delivery systems  
 (lozenges; **peroxidase**-activating oral care compns.)  
 IT Mouth  
 (**peroxidase** activation in; **peroxidase**-activating  
 oral care compns.)  
 IT Buffers  
 Chewing gum  
**Dentifrices**  
 (**peroxidase**-activating oral care compns.)  
 IT Ammonium polyphosphates  
 Halides  
**Peroxides**, biological studies  
 Sodium polyphosphates  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
 (Uses)  
 (**peroxidase**-activating oral care compns.)  
 IT Polyphosphoric acids  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
 (Uses)  
 (potassium salts; **peroxidase**-activating oral care compns.)  
 IT Hide  
 (raw-, animal chews; **peroxidase**-activating oral care compns.)  
 IT 9003-99-0, **Peroxidase**  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (activation of; **peroxidase**-activating oral care compns.)  
 IT 64-19-7, Acetic acid, biological studies 1336-21-6, Ammonium hydroxide  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
 (Uses)  
 (buffer; **peroxidase**-activating oral care compns.)  
 IT 7664-38-2D, Phosphoric acid, alkali metal salts  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
 (Uses)  
 (buffers; **peroxidase**-activating oral care compns.)  
 IT 68-04-2 77-86-1, Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane 77-92-9, Citric acid,  
 biological studies 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, biological studies  
 107-92-6, Butyric acid, biological studies 110-94-1, Glutaric acid  
 124-04-9, Adipic acid, biological studies **124-43-6**, Carbamide  
**peroxide** 127-08-2, Potassium acetate 127-09-3, Sodium acetate  
 141-82-2, Malonic acid, biological studies 141-95-7, Sodium malonate  
 156-54-7, Sodium butyrate 299-27-4, Potassium gluconate 333-20-0,  
 Potassium thiocyanate 463-56-9D, Thiocyanic acid, salts 526-95-4,  
 Gluconic acid 527-07-1, Sodium gluconate 540-72-7, Sodium thiocyanate  
 563-69-9D, Percarbonic acid, alkali metal salts 585-09-1, Potassium  
 malate 589-39-9, Potassium butyrate 631-61-8, Ammonium acetate  
 676-46-0, Sodium malate 866-84-2 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide,  
 biological studies 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, biological studies  
 3458-72-8 6283-27-8, Ammonium malate 6915-15-7, Malic acid  
 7320-34-5, Potassium pyrophosphate 7486-38-6 7632-05-5  
**7722-84-1D**, Hydrogen **peroxide**, precursors 7722-88-5  
 10124-31-9 12674-33-8D, **Perboric** acid, alkali metal salts  
 13095-67-5, Potassium malonate 13521-83-0 13765-35-0 14287-04-8,  
 Ammonium butyrate 15630-89-4 16068-46-5 16887-00-6, Chloride,

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biological studies 18815-40-2, Ammonium malonate 19090-60-9, Ammonium adipate 19147-16-1 19222-41-4, Ammonium gluconate 20461-54-5, Iodide, biological studies 24959-67-9, Bromide, biological studies 29750-34-3, Ammonium glutarate 39649-90-6, Potassium glutarate  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(peroxidase-activating oral care compns.)

IT 63296-34-4P, Hypothiocyanite  
 RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation)

(peroxidase-activating oral care compns.)

IT 124-43-6, Carbamide peroxide 7722-84-1D,  
 Hydrogen peroxide, precursors  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(peroxidase-activating oral care compns.)

RN 124-43-6 HCAPLUS

CN Urea, compd. with hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 7722-84-1

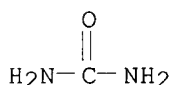
CMF H2 O2

HO-OH

CM 2

CRN 57-13-6

CMF C H4 N2 O



RN 7722-84-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO-OH

L65 ANSWER 34 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:540271 HCAPLUS

DN 127:140227

TI Oral care compositions containing peptides with anti-adherence activity

IN Charbonneau, Duane Larry; Baker, Timothy Robert; Murawski, Sandra Lou; Ward, Susan Ruth

PA Procter & Gamble Company, USA

SO Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 42 pp.

CODEN: BAXXDU

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C07K007-06

ICS A61K007-16; C07K007-64

CC 62-7 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 34

FAN.CNT 1

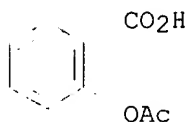
PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO. DATE

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC1700 308-4290

RN 50-78-2 HCAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-(acetyloxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L65 ANSWER 35 OF 62 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2001 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD  
 AN 1997-145581 [13] WPIX  
 CR 1997-145580 [13]  
 DNC C1997-046492  
 TI **Photoactive** crosslinking cpd. used in pressure sensitive adhesives - comprising a hydrogen abstracting type acrylamide derivatised crosslinking agent having enhanced solubility in non-polar monomers.  
 DC A60 A81 E19 G03  
 IN BABU, G N; HEILMANN, S M; KREPSKI, L R; MICKUS, D E; SMITH, H K  
 PA (MINN) MINNESOTA MINING & MFG CO  
 CYC 21  
 PI WO 9705101 A1 19970213 (199713)\* EN 36p C07C233-49  
 RW: AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE  
 W: CA JP KR US  
 EP 837844 A1 19980429 (199821) EN C07C233-49  
 R: DE ES FR GB IT  
 JP 11510494 W 19990914 (199948) 35p C07C233-49  
 EP 837844 B1 20000405 (200021) EN C07C233-49  
 R: DE ES FR GB IT  
 DE 69607620 E 20000511 (200030) C07C233-49  
 KR 99035861 A 19990525 (200032) C07C233-49  
 ADT WO 9705101 A1 WO 1996-US12355 19960726; EP 837844 A1 EP 1996-925546 19960726, WO 1996-US12355 19960726; JP 11510494 W WO 1996-US12355 19960726, JP 1997-507807 19960726; EP 837844 B1 EP 1996-925546 19960726, WO 1996-US12355 19960726; DE 69607620 E DE 1996-607620 19960726, EP 1996-925546 19960726, WO 1996-US12355 19960726; KR 99035861 A WO 1996-US12355 19960726, KR 1998-700522 19980123  
 FDT EP 837844 A1 Based on WO 9705101; JP 11510494 W Based on WO 9705101; EP 837844 B1 Based on WO 9705101; DE 69607620 E Based on EP 837844, Based on WO 9705101; KR 99035861 A Based on WO 9705101  
 PRAI US 1995-505349 19950823; WO 1995-US9600 19950728  
 REP EP 486897; WO 9510552; WO 9605249  
 IC ICM C07C233-49  
 ICS C07C231-12; C07D219-06; C07D311-22; C07D311-30; C07D311-86; C07D335-16; C08F020-58; C08F020-60  
 ICA C07B061-00  
 AB WO 9705101 A UPAB: 20000706  
 An acrylamide derivatised **photoactive** crosslinking cpd. of formula CH<sub>2</sub>=C(R<sub>1</sub>)-C(O)-NH-(R<sub>2</sub>)C(R<sub>3</sub>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-C(O)-AZ (I) is new. in which R<sub>1</sub> = H or 1-3C alkyl; R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> = H, 1-14C alkyl, 3-14C cycloalkyl, 5-12C aryl, 6-26C arenyl having 0-3S,N and **nonperoxidic** O heteroatoms, or R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> together with the C to which they are attached form a carbocyclic ring contg. 4-12 ring atoms; n = 0 or 1; A = XCR<sub>4</sub>R<sub>5</sub>, (X(CH<sub>2</sub>CHR<sub>1</sub>))<sub>m</sub> or X-((CH<sub>2</sub>CHR<sub>1</sub>Y))<sub>m</sub>; X = O, S, NH or NR<sub>4</sub>; Y = O, C(O)O, OC(O)NH, OC(O)O or NHC(O)O; R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub> = H, 1-6C alkyl or aryl; m = 0 or 1; and Z = moiety derived from (i) a nucleophilic cpd. comprising an acetophenone, **benzophenone**, anthraquinone, 9-fluorenone, anthrone, xanthone, thioxanthone, acridone, dibenzosuberone, benzil or chromone.  
 Also claimed is prepn. of (I) comprising solubilising and allowing to react a 2-alkenyl azlactone cpd. and (i).  
 USE - To produce crosslinked visco-elastomeric materials used as PSAs, vibration damping materials, transfer adhesives, structural adhesives and protective coatings.

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC1700 308-4290

ADVANTAGE - The **photoactive** crosslinking cpd. is prepd. by a simple addn. reaction which creates no side-prods., has enhanced solubility in non-polar monomers, and can be mixed with unsatd. monomers to form a monomer-polymer syrup having a coatable viscosity which can be applied to a substrate prior to curing, allowing the simple prodn. of multilayered articles.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: A08-C07; A08-D; A11-C02B; A12-A05; E06-H; E08-D02; E08-D03; E10-A11B1; E10-A12C1; E10-B01; E10-B02; E10-D03; G03-B02D1

L65 ANSWER 36 OF 62 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2001 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

AN 1997-145580 [13] WPIX

CR 1997-145581 [13]

DNC C1997-046491

TI New acryl amido acetyl-contg. compsn. - for use as **photoactive** crosslinking cpd. are prepd by simple addition reaction.

DC A14 A60 E13 E14 G02 G03

IN BABU, G N; HEILMANN, S M; KREPSKI, L R; MICKUS, D E; SMITH, H K

PA (MINN) MINNESOTA MINING & MFG CO

CYC 20

PI WO 9705100 A1 19970213 (199713)\* EN 26p C07C233-49

RW: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

W: CA JP KR US

ADT WO 9705100 A1 WO 1995-US9600 19950728

PRAI WO 1995-US9600 19950728

REP WO 9510552

IC ICM C07C233-49

ICS C07C233-60; C08F020-50; C08F020-58

AB WO 9705100 A UPAB: 19970326

A **photoactive** crosslinking cpd. of formula

$\text{CH}_2=\text{C}(\text{R}_1)\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NH}(\text{CH}_2\text{nC}(\text{R}_2)(\text{R}_3)\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{AZ}(\text{I}))$  is claimed, where  $\text{R}_1 = \text{H}$  or 1-3C alkyl gp.;  $\text{R}_2, \text{R}_3 = 1\text{-}14\text{C}$  alkyl gp., 3-14C cycloalkyl gp., 5-12C aryl gp., 6-26C and 0-3, S, N and non-peroxidic O heteroatoms) arenyl gp.

or 4-12 ring carbocyclic ring;  $n = 0$  or 1;  $\text{A} = \text{XCR}_4\text{R}_5$ ,  $(\text{X}(\text{CH}_2\text{CHR}_1)_m$  or  $\text{X}-((\text{CH}_2\text{CHR}_1)_m)$  where  $\text{X} = \text{O}, \text{S}, \text{NH}$  or  $\text{NR}_4$ ;  $\text{Y} = \text{O}, \text{C}(\text{O})$ ,  $\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{NH}$ ,  $\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{O}$ , or  $\text{NHC}(\text{O})\text{O}$ ;  $\text{R}_4, \text{R}_5 = \text{H}$ , 1-6C alkyl gp.;  $m = 0$  or 1; and  $\text{Z} =$  moiety derived from aceto- and **benzophenone**, anthraquinone, 9-fluoroenone, anthrone, thio(xanthone), acridone, dibenzosuberone, benzyl or chromone. Also claimed is mfg. the **photoactive** crosslinking cpd. by solubilising and reacting a 2-alkenyl azlactone cpd. and nucleophilic acetophenone, and cpds as previously mentioned.

USE - The photoreactive crosslinking cpd. can be used to crosslink e.g. acrylic adhesive compsn.

ADVANTAGE - Involves a simple addn. reaction and no side prods. are created.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: A01-D06; A08-C07; A11-C02B; E10-A11B2; E10-A12C2; E10-D03A; E10-D03D; G03-B02D1

L65 ANSWER 37 OF 62 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2001 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

AN 1996-286256 [29] WPIX

CR 1995-274774 [36]

DNC C1996-091422

TI New di oxirane cpds. - used in aq. media for **bleaching** fabrics or **removing stains** from hard surfaces at room temp..

DC D25 E13 F09

IN HEFFNER, R J; STELTENKAMP, R J

PA (COLG) COLGATE PALMOLIVE CO

CYC 1

PI US 5525121 A 19960611 (199629)\* 11p D06L003-02

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC1700 308-4290

ADT US 5525121 A CIP of US 1994-245317 19940518, US 1995-455178 19950531

FDT US 5525121 A CIP of US 5437686

PRAI US 1995-455178 19950531; US 1994-245317 19940518

IC ICM D06L003-02

ICS C11D003-20; C11D003-395; C11D007-54

AB US 5525121 A UPAB: 19960724

Di:oxirone cpds. of formula (I)-(III) are new.

USE - (I)-(III) are **bleaching** agents formed as intermediates when a compsn. comprising a **peroxygen bleach** cpd. and a decalindione **peroxygen bleach** activator is contacted with water. During **bleaching**, (I)-(III) revert back to the original **diketone** and therefore behave as catalysts. The compsn. is used directly in aq. soln. for **bleaching** and/or **removing stains** from fabrics and hard surfaces at room temp. or is used as an additive for a cleaning compsn. such as a powdered laundry detergent, non aq. laundry detergent, scouring powder, hard surface cleaner, powdered or non-aq. automatic dishwashing compsn., hair **bleaching** compsn., wound cleansing compsn., **dental** cleansing compsn., paper **bleaching** compsn. or prespotter. The concn. of (I)-(III) formed in water is 1-10000 (pref. 1-5000, esp. 1-1000) ppm.

ADVANTAGE - Fabric damage is reduced.

Dwg. 0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; GI; DCN

MC CPI: D08-B06; D08-B08; D11-B01B; D11-B05; D11-D01B; D11-D01F; D11-D03; E07-A04; F03-B01

L65 ANSWER 38 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1996:217346 HCAPLUS

TI Bacterially formed cadmium sulfide particles: An assessment of potential **photoactivity** by EPR.

AU Holmes, Justin D.; Farrar, Jacqueline A.; Richardson, David J.; Russell, David A.; Sodeau, John R.

CS School Chemical Sciences, University East Anglia, Norwich, NR4 7TJ, UK

SO Book of Abstracts, 211th ACS National Meeting, New Orleans, LA, March 24-28 (1996), BIOT-189 Publisher: American Chemical Society, Washington, D. C.

CODEN: 62PIAJ

DT Conference; Meeting Abstract

LA English

AB Inorg. cadmium sulfide is widely used as a radical catalyst in many redox and synthetic reactions and its use has been proposed for the purifn. of polluted environmental waters. However, in practice these inorg. semiconductors are limited by their thermodyn. and kinetic instability. We have developed techniques by which cadmium sulfide particles can be uniformly and reproducibly grown on the cell wall of the bacterium *Klebsiella aerogenes*. In this paper we will show that these **bio-semiconductor particles** have the same photoredox properties as those exhibited by inorg. CdS. The bacterial cells were irradiated with visible light and the radicals produced by the CdS particles were trapped by nitron based spin traps and then detected using ESR (EPR) Spectroscopy. Two radicals were identified, i.e., the hydroxyl and **hydroperoxyl**. These radicals would be expected from inorg. CdS suggesting that the CdS particles present on the stable bacterial matrix could be readily used to initiate radical chem.

L65 ANSWER 39 OF 62 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2001 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

AN 1995-274774 [36] WPIX

CR 1996-286256 [29]

DNC C1995-124565

TI Per oxygen **bleach** compsns. for use in laundry detergents, hair **bleaches** etc. - contains bi- or tri cyclic di ketone as **bleach** activator and gives improved **stain**

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC1700 308-4290

removal properties.

DC D21 D22 D25 E19 F09

IN HEFFNER, R J; STELTENKAMP, R J

PA (COLG) COLGATE PALMOLIVE CO

CYC 64

PI US 5437686 A 19950801 (199536)\* 12p C07C049-303

WO 9531527 A1 19951123 (199601) EN 39p C11D003-39

RW: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT KE LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SZ UG

W: AM AT AU BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE HU IS JP KE

KG KP KR KZ LK LR LT LU LV MD MG MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE

SG SI SK TJ TM TT UA UG US UZ VN

AU 9525160 A 19951205 (199620) C11D003-39

NZ 285678 A 19980427 (199823) C11D003-39

JP 10505365 W 19980526 (199831) 39p C11D007-54

AU 697043 B 19980924 (199850) C11D003-39

MX 9605655 A1 19980201 (199954) C11D003-39

ADT. US 5437686 A US 1994-245317 19940518; WO 9531527 A1 WO 1995-US6112

19950515; AU 9525160 A AU 1995-25160 19950515; NZ 285678 A NZ 1995-285678

19950515, WO 1995-US6112 19950515; JP 10505365 W JP 1995-529856 19950515,

WO 1995-US6112 19950515; AU 697043 B AU 1995-25160 19950515; MX 9605655 A1

MX 1996-5655 19961118

FDT AU 9525160 A Based on WO 9531527; NZ 285678 A Based on WO 9531527; JP

10505365 W Based on WO 9531527; AU 697043 B Previous Publ. AU 9525160,

Based on WO 9531527

PRAI US 1994-245317 19940518

REP FR 1163205; FR 2148302; FR 2313445; FR 2690690; US 2115206

IC ICM C07C049-303; C11D003-39; C11D007-54

ICS C07C049-00; C07D321-00; C07D407-08; C11D003-20; C11D003-395;

D06L003-02

ICA C07D493-10

ICI C07D320:00; C07D321:00

AB US 5437686 A UPAB: 19991221

**Bleaching** compsns. comprising 1-75 wt.% of a **peroxygen**

**bleaching** cpd. (I) and 1-75 wt.% of a bi- or tricyclic

**diketone** activator of formula (II) or (III) are new: In the formulae R1-R4 = H, 1-8C alkyl, 6-12C aryl, 7-12C aralkyl, F, Cl, Br or nitrogen (sic); and m and n = 0-3.

Also claimed are (1) a **bleaching** soln. comprising water and 10-1000 ppm of a compsn. as above; (2) a method for activating a **peroxygen bleaching** cpd., comprising adding a cpd. (II)

or (III) to an aq. soln. contg. the **bleaching** cpd.; (3) a

**bleaching** compsn. as above where component (b) is selected from

decalin-1,5-dione (IIa), 8a-methyldecalin-1,6-dione (IIb),

5,8-methanodecalin-1,7-dione (IIIa) and isomers of (IIIa); (4) various

detergent compsns. contg. a **peroxygen bleaching** cpd..

(IA) and a decalindione **bleach** activator (IIA); and (5) methods

for cleaning soiled fabrics, **removing stains** on hard

surfaces and inhibiting dye transfer using a **bleaching** compsn.

as above.

Pref. (I) is a **monoperoxysulphate** or

**monoperoxyphosphate**, esp. K **monoperoxysulphate**. The

compsns. contain 5-60 (esp. 5-10) wt.% each of (I) and (II) or (III), or

0.05-10 wt.% when the compsn. also contains a non-aqueous liq. carrier.

USE - The **bleaching** compsns. may be used in laundry

detergents, scouring powders, hard surface cleaners, automatic dishwasher

detergents, hair **bleaches**, wound cleaners, **dental**

cleaners, paper **bleaches**, prespotters, etc..

ADVANTAGE - Compared with 1,4-cyclohexanedione monoethylene ketal

described in US Appl. 7/87062, (IIa) gives comparable **stain**

**removal** at 80deg.F and (IIb) gives better **stain**

**removal** at 120deg.F..

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; GI; DCN

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC1700 308-4290



(photoinitiators contg. org. **peroxides** and, for polymn. of acrylic monomers in **dental** applications)

IT 138105-58-5P 138258-30-7P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, photocured, for **dental** applications, near-IR photoinitiators for)

L65 ANSWER 49 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1991:149940 HCAPLUS

DN 114:149940

TI **Tooth-whitening preparation containing hydrogen peroxide and abrasives**

IN Murayama, Ronald K.

PA USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-16

ICS A61K007-20

CC 62-7 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9009165	A1	19900823	WO 1989-US630	19890215
	W: AU, BR, DK, FI, JP, KR, NO, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE				
	AU 8934320	A1	19900905	AU 1989-34320	19890215
	JP 03503762	T2	19910822	JP 1989-504266	19890215
	US 5122365	A	19920616	US 1990-582899	19901010
	KR 9704033	B1	19970324	KR 1990-72260	19901015
	US 5401495	A	19950328	US 1991-747387	19910820
PRAI	WO 1989-US630	A	19890215		
	US 1990-582899	A1	19901010		

AB A three-component system for whitening human **teeth** comprises (1) a conditioning mouth rinse capable of cleansing the surface of the **teeth**, (2) a viscous bleaching gel contg. **H2O2**, and (3) a viscous polishing compd. contg. an abrasive substance for polishing and an pigmenting substance for imparting a white color to the **teeth**. The three components are applied individually and sequentially to the **teeth**. A **teeth** whitener comprised (1) a conditioning mouth rinse contg. water 97.87, Na saccharin 0.05, Na benzoate 0.30, 5% white distd. vinegar 1.50, Tween 20 0.25, menthol crystals 0.03, (2) a bleaching gel contg. water 79.86, **Carbopol**-934 2.00, 35% **H2O2** 17.14, triethanolamine 1.00, and (3) polishing and pigmenting cream contg. water 14.67, Na saccharin 0.100, Na benzoate 0.50, glycerin 29.00, CM-cellulose 7MF 0.50, 70% sorbitol 8.00, Zeo-49 23.00, **TiO2** 23.00, Texapon VHC needles 0.06, Zoethix 265 0.80, Me salicylate 0.26, and menthol crystals 0.11.

ST **tooth** whitening **peroxide** titania silica

IT Vinegar

(distd., **tooth-whitening** prepns. contg. hydrogen **peroxide** and)

IT **Dentifrices**

(gels, hydrogen **peroxide** and abrasives in, for **teeth** whitening)

IT **7722-84-1**, Hydrogen **peroxide**, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(**tooth-whitening** prepns. contg.)

IT 64-19-7, Acetic acid, biological studies 7631-86-9, Silica, biological studies 13463-67-7, Titanium dioxide, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(**tooth-whitening** prepns. contg. hydrogen **peroxide** and)

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AN 1976:76176 HCAPLUS  
 DN 84:76176  
 TI Bleaching process  
 IN Speakman, Peter R. H.  
 PA Procter and Gamble Ltd., Engl.  
 SO Brit., 4 pp. Addn. to Brit. 1,372,035 (Ger. 2,222,829, See CA 78; 60,061r)  
 CODEN: BRXXAA  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 IC D06L; D04H  
 CC 46-6 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 39

FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	GB 1408144	A	19751001	GB 1972-32222	19720710
	CA 998966	A1	19761026	CA 1972-141891	19720511
	AU 7357773	A1	19750109	AU 1973-57773	19730705
	US 3927967	A	19751223	US 1973-377169	19730706
	JP 51004205	A2	19760114	JP 1973-77821	19730710
	ES 416757	A2	19771016	ES 1973-416757	19730710
PRAI	GB 1971-14513		19710512		
	GB 1971-52398		19711111		
	US 1972-259326		19720602		
	GB 1972-32222		19720710		
	CA 1973-141891		19730709		
AB	Tea- and coffee-stained cotton swatches were bleached by treating with an aq. soln. contg. 0.4% of a com. granular detergent compn., 0.006% of a <b>photoactivator</b> (a mixt. of sulfonated Zn phthalocyanine and Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ), and 0.1% Na <b>perborate</b> [11138-47-9] as <b>H2O2</b> source and irradiating with visible light (.lambda. 640-90 nm). The <b>photoactivator</b> enables evolved O which would otherwise escape unused as mol. O to be converted into singlet O which plays an active part in bleaching the stains. Thus, on washing a tea-stained cotton swatch at 130.degree.F in 1 l. soln. illuminated with a 100 W incandescent lamp, 79% of the stain was removed after 30 min. Daylight and normal domestic lighting may be used as the light source. The method is esp. suitable for domestic laundry operations.				
ST	stain removal cotton; bleaching <b>perborate</b> photosensitizer; zinc phthalocyanine photosensitizer bleaching; laundering compn photosensitizer bleach				
IT	Bleaching agents ( <b>perborate</b> , laundering compn. contg. photosensitizers for cotton fabric)				
IT	Stains (removal of, from cotton, photosensitive compn. for)				
IT	29H,31H- <b>Phthalocyanine</b> , zinc <b>complex</b> , sulfonated Zinc, [29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32]-, sulfonated, (SP-4-1)- RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitizers, in bleaching of cotton with sodium <b>perborate</b> )				
IT	3313-92-6 11138-47-9 RL: USES (Uses) (bleaching agent, photosensitizer for)				

L65 ANSWER 62 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS  
 AN 1972:520791 HCAPLUS  
 DN 77:120791  
 TI Silver-free photographic film for vesicular process  
 IN Baumann, Niklaus  
 PA Ciba-Geigy A.-G.  
 SO Ger. Offen., 11 pp.  
 CODEN: GWXXBX